逆向課程設計 Backward design

台北美國學校高詩涵

Integration of curriculum, instruction and assessment within a unit of study

What's
Understanding by
Design (Backward
design)?

Curriculum



Instruction



assessment

A way of thinking purposefully about curricular planning

What's
Understanding by
Design (Backward
design)?

3 Stages

l Desired results

2 Evidence

3 Learning plan

curriculum

assessment

instruction

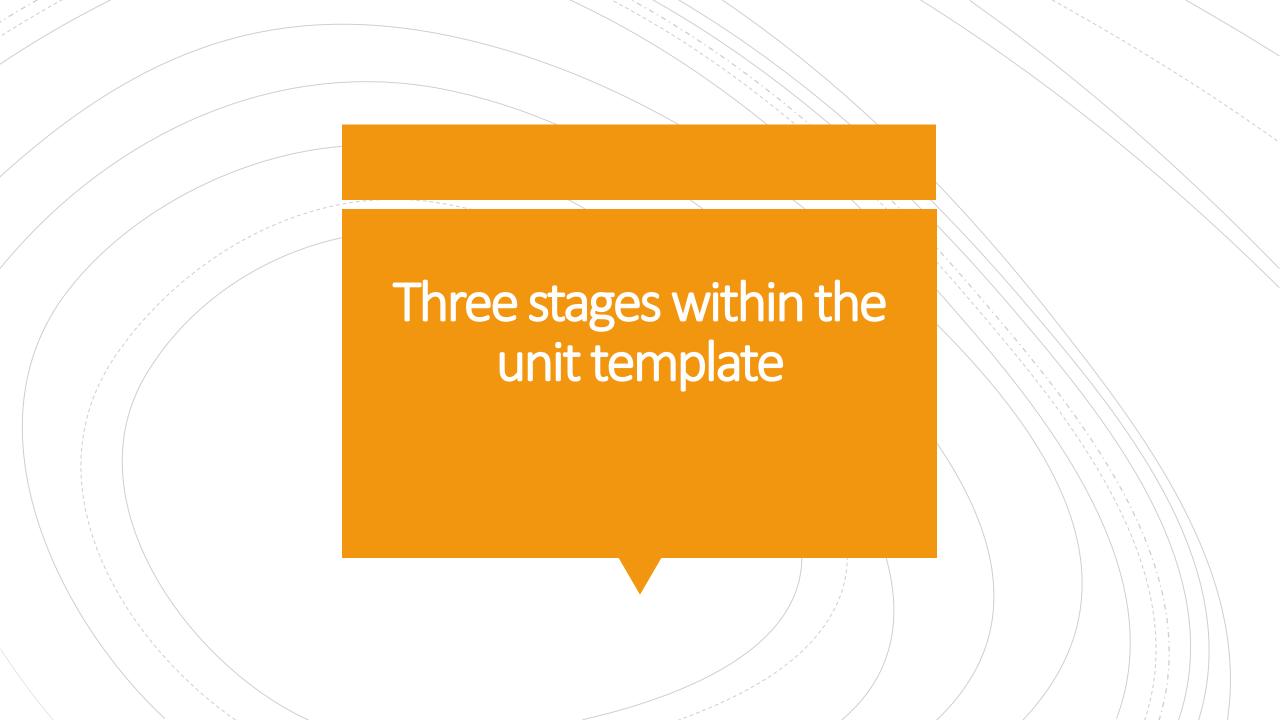
What's
Understanding by
Design (Backward
design)?

The desired result:

Use discreate skills and knowledge in context What's
Understanding by
Design (Backward
design)?

Evidence of learning:

transfer knowledge and skills effectively, using one or more "facets" (explain, interpret, apply, shift perspective, empathize, and self-assess).



Stage 1-Desired Results			
Established Goals:	G		
Enduring understandings: Students will understand that U	Essential Questions: Q		
Students will know K	Students will be able to S		
Stage 2-Assessment Evidence			
Performance Tasks: T	Other Evidence: OE		
Stage 3-Learning Plan			
Learning Activities:	L		





Stage 1-Desired Results			
Established Goals: G Content Standards (ACTFL) Course or Program Objectives Learning Outcomes			
Enduring understandings: Students will understand that Core ideas of the discipline Lasting and universal values Transferable to other subjects	U	Essential Questions: Create 2-3 questions based on Enduring understanding	Q
Students will know List knowledge (ex: voc, grammar, culture)	K	Students will be able to List skills	S
Stage 2-Assessment Evidence			
Performance Tasks:	Т	Other Evidence:	OE
Stage 3-Learning Plan			
Learning Activities:			L

第二七台課記先品刷品牙平再品品品

學是習工目以標之:

- 1. 能是學是會氣與此生是活氣健氣康是有氣關氣的認詞如
- 2. 能弘以一「累然、想起睡觉覺点」來說表記達如自中身引狀素沉氣
- 3. 能之使严用公 「先言… 再品… 」來於表記達於動於作品順為序正
- 4. 能弘以一「還知有」」來說提立醒识別是人员其公他等的記事以物义

《學華語向前走》第二册

媽亞斯· 大文文· 該"起來來了!! mā ma dà wén gãi qì chuáng le

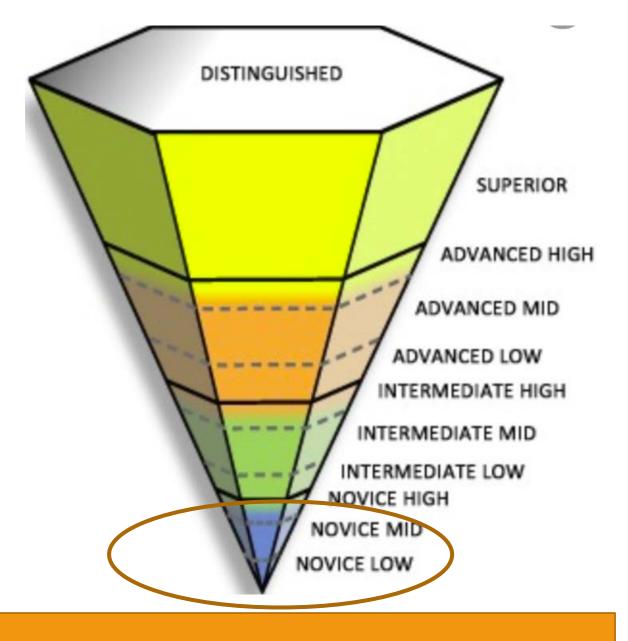
大文文: 我如果你,還如想如此是是。 dà wén wǒ hěn lèi hái xiáng shuì jiào

妈妈来 媽你妈! 來來不及是了了。 mā ma lái bù jī le gǎn kuài xiān qù shuā yá

再影洗上澡是。

大文文: 我如作是天意晚至上是洗工過過深深了了。 dà wén wǒ zuó tiễn wǎn shàng xǐ guò zǎo le

大文文: 我於知业道公了京,要於工党等并以 dà wén wò zhī dào le yào xǐ gān jìng



《學華語向前走》第二冊

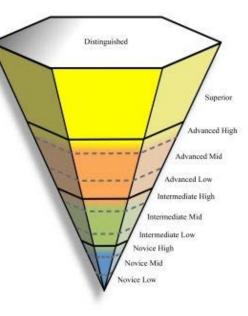
Established goals

Mandated standards

1.ACTFL 2.CLB 3.CEFR









Established goals

http://www.chineseinfocus.com/actfl -standards

Mandated standards

Communication: Communicate in Languages Other Than English

Standard 1.1: Students engage in conversation, provide and obtain information, express feelings and emotions, and exchange opinions.

Standard 1.2: Students understand and interpret written and spoken language on a variety of topics.

Standard 1.3: Students present information, concepts, and ideas to an audience of listeners or readers on a variety of topics.

Communities: Participate in Multilingual Communities at Home and Around the World

Standard 5.1: Students use the language both within and beyond the school setting.

Standard 5.2: Students show evidence of becoming life-long learners by using the language for personal enjoyment and enrichment.



Established goals

http://www.chineseinfocus.com/actfl-standards

Mandated standards

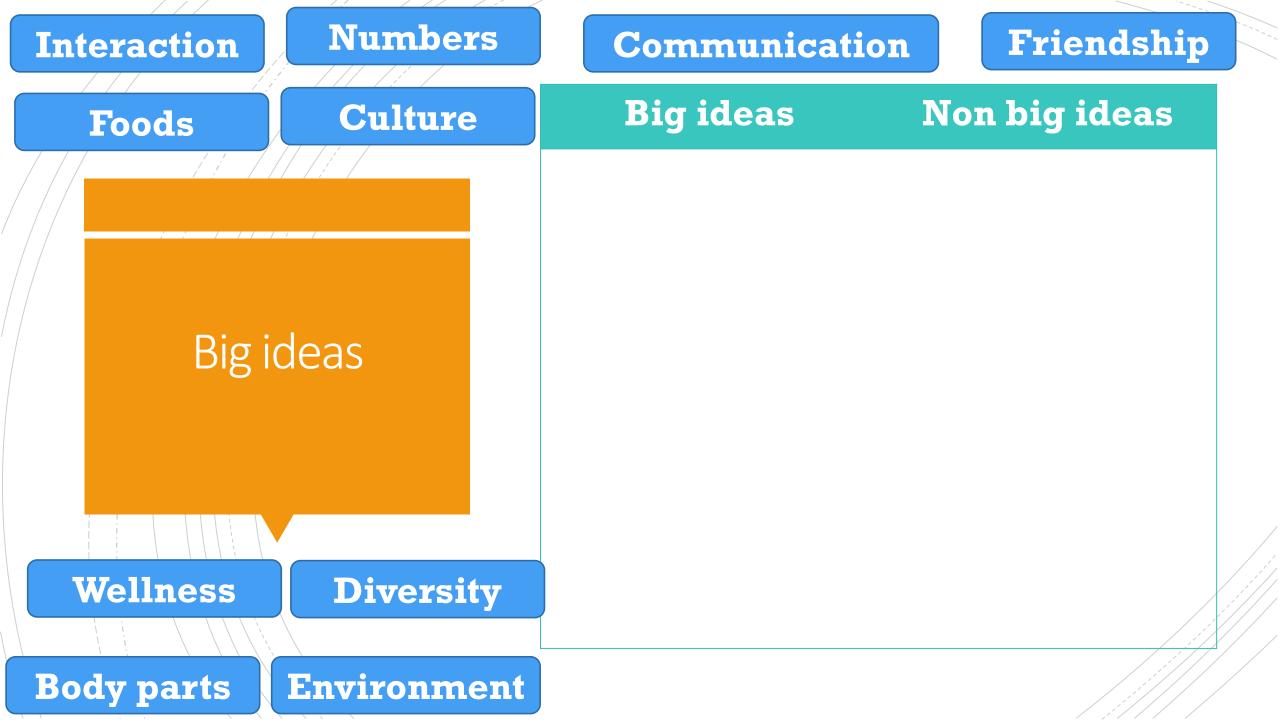


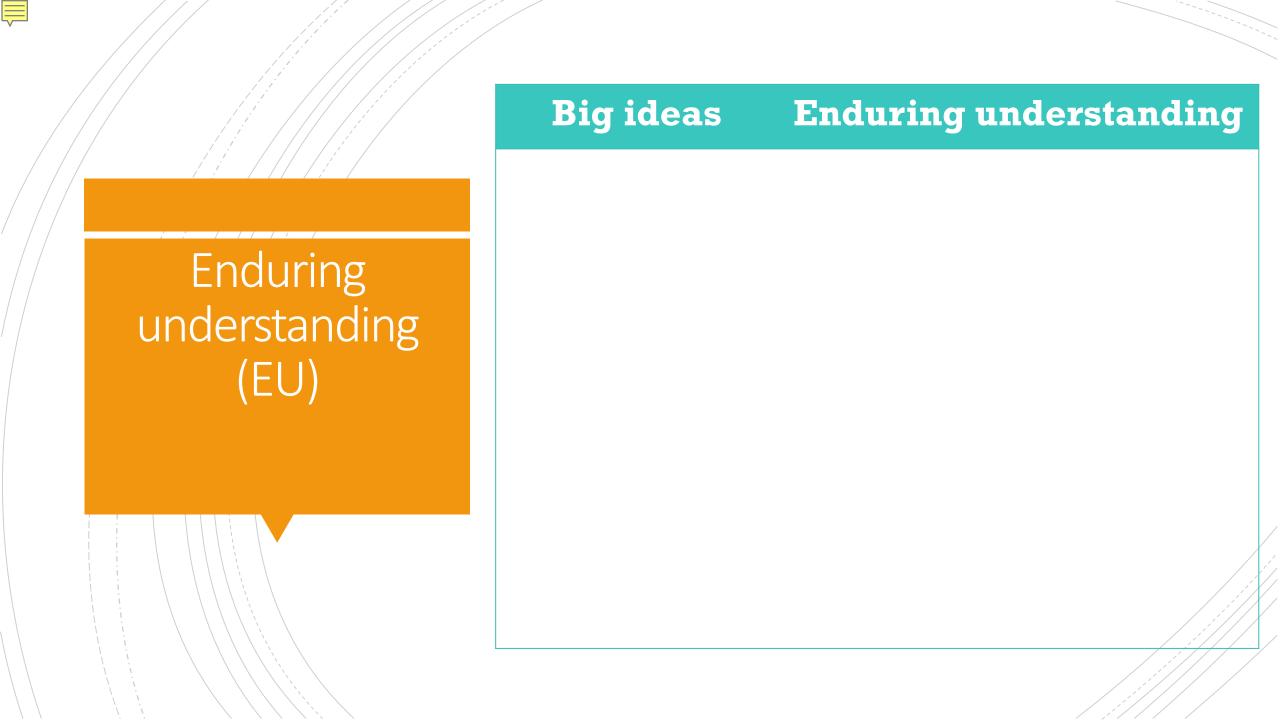
Established goals

http://www.chineseinfocus.com/actfl-standards

Mandated standards

這個單元讓學生明白健康的重要性(Standard 3.1),學會向別人表達自己的身體情況(Standard 1.1),並能和他人討論如何培養良好的生活習慣(Standard 1.3, 5.1, 5.2)。



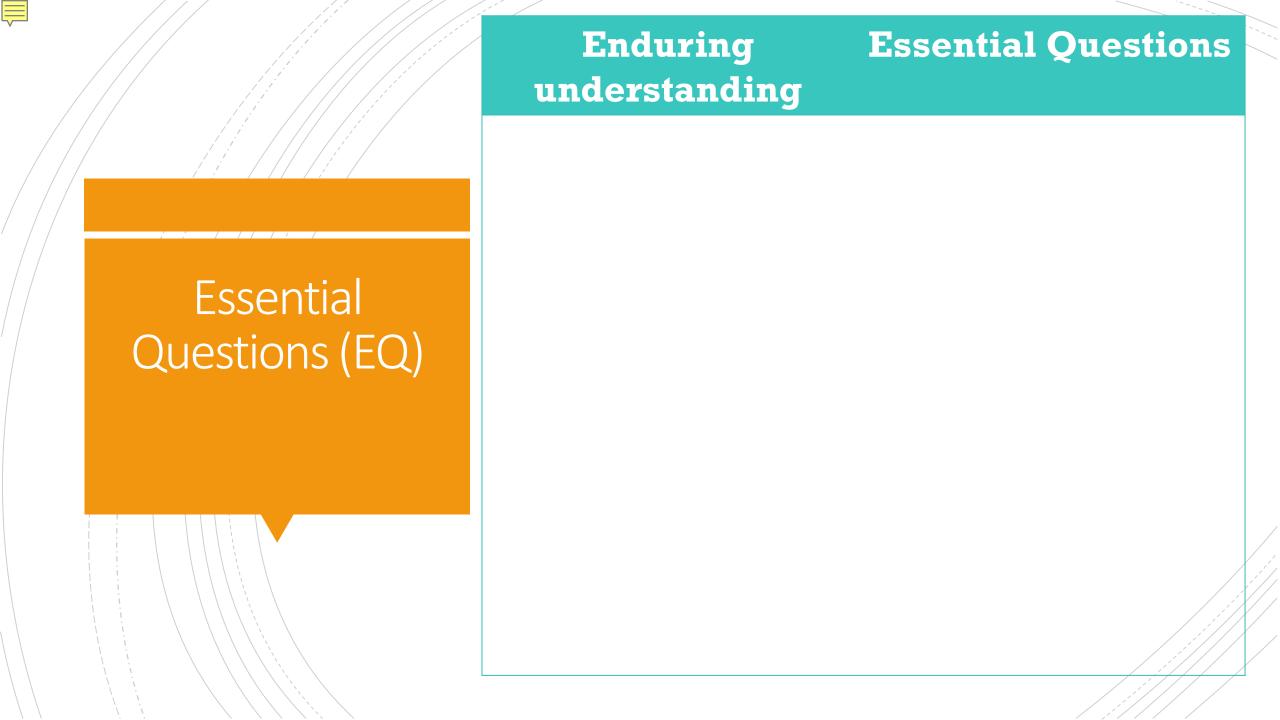


Enduring understanding (EU)

Big ideas

Enduring understanding

- 認識身體
- 身體健康
- 生活習慣



Essential Questions (EQ)

Enduring understanding

Essential Questions

- 我們透過認識自 己的身體,明白 身體健康的重要 性,而健康的身 體能讓一個人很 我們要培養良好 的生活習慣。
- 1. 為什麼要認識自己的身體?
- 2. 身體健不健康對 一個人有什麼影 響?
- 3. 如何培養良好的生活習慣?

Checklist

- ☐ Core ideas of the discipline
- ☐ Lasting and universal values
- ☐ Transferable to other subjects

- · 認識身體
- 身體健康
- 生活習慣

Big ideas

Enduring understanding

•我識明的健讓樂我好們透白身要的健康一。們的實際,們們的人了培養的人了培養學人。一時一時人,

- 為什麼要認 識自己的身體?
- ·身體健不健 康對一個人有 什麼影響?
- · 如何培養良 好的生活習慣?

Essential questions



Students will know...

Students will be able to...

Knowledge

Skills

- 1. Vocabulary
- 2. Grammar points
- 3. Definition
- 4. Factual information
- 5. Important people
- 6. Events
- 7. Sequence
- 8. Timeline

Have correct answers!

- Communication skills (Listening, speaking, reading, writing)
- 2. Work habit
- 3. Thinking skills (remember, understand, analyze, apply, evaluate, create)

Could be used for self-assessment checklist

Knowledge Skills Students will know... Students will be able to...

Students will know...

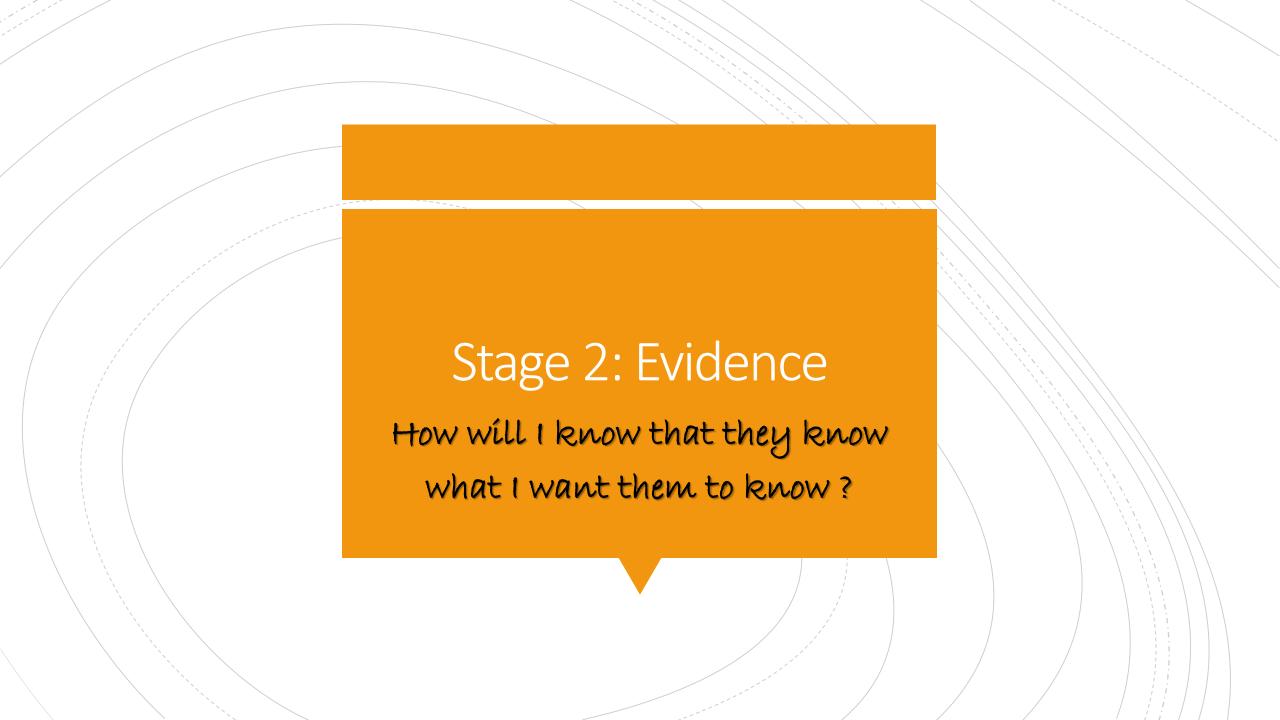
Students will be able to...

Knowledge

Skills

- 1. 身體部位名稱
- 2. 生活健康詞彙
- 3. 句型:先···再、 還有
- 4. 良好的生活習慣
- 5. 短劇寫法

- 1. 能正確地使用身體 部位的生詞
- 2. 能表達自己的身體 狀況
- 3. 能正確地使用句型 來表達動作順序和 提醒別人
- 4. 能培養良好的生活習慣
- 5. 能以對話形式寫短劇
- 6. 能有自信地表演短劇





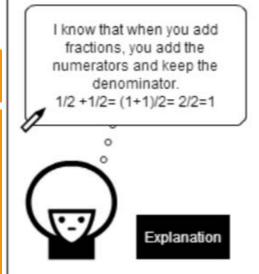
Stage 1-Desired Results			
Established Goals:	G		
Enduring understandings: Students will understand that U	Essential Questions: Q		
Students will know K	Students will be able to		
Stage 2-Assessment Evidence			
Performance Tasks: T Based on GRASPS (Goal, Role, Audience, Situation, Performance, Standards) Use six facets (explain, interpret, apply, shift perspective, empathize, and self-assess)	Other Evidence: OE Informal checks for understanding, observations, quizzes, tests, Think-tac-toe		
Stage 3-Learning Plan			
Learning Activities:	L		

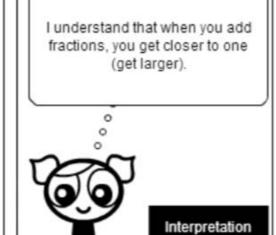


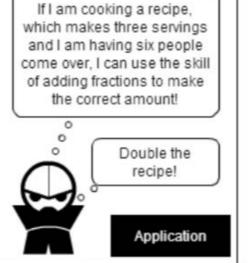
Six facets of understanding



http://stripgenerator.com/strip/843319/the-six-facets-of-understanding/view/fresh/







Being able to add fractions is an important skill used by cooks and chefs. There are many other ways to utilize fractions, which we will learn about later on in the unit.



Perspective

For some people, adding fractions is easy, but for others, multiplying fractions (especially in recipes) might be easier. Students might find it hard to figure out why fractions are important in every day life. Some students might also find the various rules for adding, subtracting, multiplying, and dividing fractions to be overwhelming and hard to remember.



Empathy

I know I do math quickly in my head, but when it comes to fractions, I need to take my time and show my work.



Self-Knowledge

Performance tasks

GRASPS

Examples

G-Goal

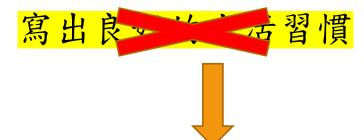
R-Role

A-Audience

S-Situation

P-Performance

S-Standards (Rubrics)



GRASPS

Examples

Performance tasks

G-Goal
R-Role
A-Audience
S-Situation
P-Performance
S-Standards
(Rubrics)

寫出良一古習慣

學校舉辦「向健康生活說 YES」的活動。你和同學是 保健室的阿姨,要在全校 朝會時,一個知知 和全校學生分享如何規劃 健康的重要性。

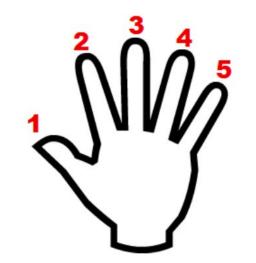




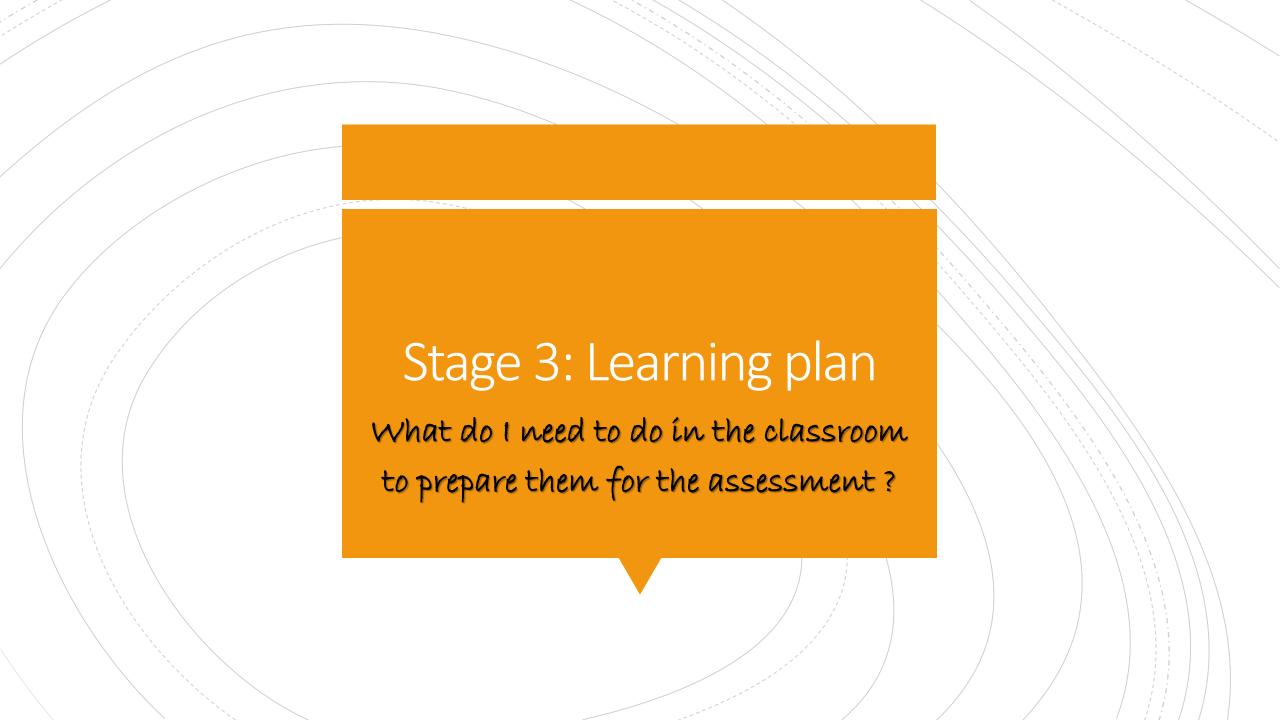
Other Evidence

Example

- 1. Informal checks for understanding
- 2. Observations
- 3. quizzes
- 4. Tests
- 5. Think-tac-toe







Stage 1-Desired Results			
Established Goals:	G		
Enduring understandings: Students will understand that U	Essential Questions: Q		
Students will know K	Students will be able to S		
Stage 2-Assessment Evidence			
Performance Tasks: T	Other Evidence: OE		
Stage 3-Learning Plan			
Learning Activities: Consider three modes: interpretative, interpersonal, presentational (請參考華語教學遊戲或活動)			

nttp://sip.csjn.tp.edu.tw/sites/part/10/219/10

References

- https://www.slideshare.net/jdumaresq/understanding-bydesign-the-basics
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8DRnaSR1kZU
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=axJM-e24foE
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2LrkEKjezJc
- https://www.actfl.org/publications/guidelines-andmanuals/ncssfl-actfl-can-do-statements
- https://coerll.utexas.edu/methods/pdf/lt/languageteacher-national-standards.pdf
- Jay McTighe& Grant Wiggins (2008),譯者:賴麗珍。重理解的課程設計-專業發展實用手冊。心理出版社。
- John L. Brown (2008),譯者:賴麗珍。善用理解的課程 法。心理出版社。